FOR MARIO DRAGHI AND THE ECB, DEFLATION IS A MOVING TARGET

Wisdomtree EU 02 Dec 2015

The Euro-zone and the United States are comparable in numerous ways, including population and relative economic size. Since the financial crisis, they have also shared a common goal of escaping from the jaws of a balance sheet recession, as deleveraging has posed a headwind to economic growth on both continents. One shorthand metric to judge progress is the inflation rate, which today rests at zero in both regions. Currently, both central banks are targeting an inflation rate of close to 2 percent.

In the U.S., the Federal Reserve (Fed) has delayed raising interest rates largely because of the lack of inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index or the personal consumption expenditure. Meanwhile, the European Central Bank's (ECB) president, Mario Draghi, recently signalled that he may take more aggressive action when the ECB convenes again on December 3. His statement on October 22 signalled that deflation remains a problem in Europe. As a result, investors are surmising that this could mean the ECB might further ease monetary policy or even boost its quantitative easing (QE) efforts, which were announced in January 2015.

Yet even though both the ECB and the Federal Open Market Committee have similar monetary tools, the Fed has the benefit of a unified country, where key economic data points reflect national averages and thus are more easily targeted by federal fiscal and monetary policy. In Europe, the ECB is making policy for an entire region, but it is a region consisting of 19 sovereign states. Borrowing a term from Japan's prime minister, Shinzo Abe, the ECB is left trying to hit an inflation target with only one arrow (monetary policy). Moreover, in Europe, deflation is a moving target, as some countries show price inflation, while the largest countries—Germany, France, Italy and Spain—still struggle to free themselves from the spectre of falling prices.

Since January, Belgium has seen a 1.3 percentage point increase in its inflation rate. Yet Spain, a country that was experiencing severe deflation, has only reduced the rate of deflation by less than half a percentage point. Likewise, Finland has actually seen prices fall 0.6% since the start of European QE. So when the ECB shoots, what is it aiming for?

"The ECB's definition of price stability makes clear that the focus of its monetary policy is on the euro area as a whole," according to the ECB's website. But in 2011, Fernanda Nechio of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco found that by using the Taylor rule, "a policy guideline that generates recommendations for a monetary authority's interest rate response to the paths of inflation and economic activity," the euro area's core countries and peripheral countries do not fall in line with the ECB's one-size-fits-all target rate. [1] Essentially, the pieces work when pulled together, but when viewed separately, they tend to fall short of the ECB's target (especially in the case of the peripheral countries).

Currently, all the countries on this list are falling short of the "close to 2%" target.



This makes the possibility of additional ECB action in December likely. The larger question will be how the ECB will react when a majority of its members are closing in on the target but many of the "peripheral" countries, such as Spain, are left far away from the bull's eye. If history tends to repeat itself, it seems the ECB will continue to focus on the euro area as a whole and leave the less fortunate countries to fend for themselves.

With further euro weakness and additional credit easing in Europe likely, this would, in our view, be bullish for the local recovery now taking shape across the region and could provide another leg up for the European equity rally. Investors sharing this sentiment may consider the following UCITS ETF:

- + WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend UCITS ETF (DFE)
- + WisdomTree Europe Equity Income UCITS ETF (EEI)
- + <u>WisdomTree Europe Equity UCITS ETF GBP Hedged</u> (HEDP)
- + <u>WisdomTree Europe Equity UCITS ETF USD Hedged</u> (HEDJ)
- + <u>WisdomTree Europe Equity UCITS ETF EUR Acc</u> (HEDF)

All data is sourced from WisdomTree Europe and Bloomberg, unless otherwise stated.

View the online version of this article here.



Important Information

Marketing communications issued in the European Economic Area ("EEA"): This document has been issued and approved by WisdomTree Ireland Limited, which is authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland.

Marketing communications issued in jurisdictions outside of the EEA: This document has been issued and approved by WisdomTree UK Limited, which is authorised and regulated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority.

WisdomTree Ireland Limited and WisdomTree UK Limited are each referred to as "WisdomTree" (as applicable). Our Conflicts of Interest Policy and Inventory are available on request.

For professional clients only. The information contained in this document is for your general information only and is neither an offer for sale nor a solicitation of an offer to buy securities or shares. This document should not be used as the basis for any investment decision. Investments may go up or down in value and you may lose some or all of the amount invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Any decision to invest should be based on the information contained in the appropriate prospectus and after seeking independent investment, tax and legal advice.

The application of regulations and tax laws can often lead to a number of different interpretations. Any views or opinions expressed in this communication represent the views of WisdomTree and should not be construed as regulatory, tax or legal advice. WisdomTree makes no warranty or representation as to the accuracy of any of the views or opinions expressed in this communication. Any decision to invest should be based on the information contained in the appropriate prospectus and after seeking independent investment, tax and legal advice.

This document is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as, an advertisement or any other step in furtherance of a public offering of shares or securities in the United States or any province or territory thereof. Neither this document nor any copy hereof should be taken, transmitted or distributed (directly or indirectly) into the United States.

Although WisdomTree endeavours to ensure the accuracy of the content in this document, WisdomTree does not warrant or guarantee its accuracy or correctness. Where WisdomTree has expressed its own opinions related to product or market activity, these views may change. Neither WisdomTree, nor any affiliate, nor any of their respective officers, directors, partners, or employees accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this document or its contents.

